

Presentation Brief

- > Dynamic relationship between house prices and interest rates
- > Housing Affordability Index
- > County level affordability statistics
- > Supply Dynamics
 - Market dynamics
 - Affordable rental and ownership issues and trade-offs





Mortgage Payments and Interest rates

Mortgage Amount	Nov-2017	Nov-2018	Jun-2019	Payment Change (High/Low)
\$100,000	\$471.67	\$525.27	\$490.77	\$53.60
\$150,000	\$707.50	\$787.90	\$736.15	\$80.40
\$200,000	\$943.34	\$1,050.54	\$981.54	\$107.20
\$250,000	\$1,179.17	\$1,313.17	\$1,226.92	\$134.00
\$300,000	\$1,415.00	\$1,575.81	\$1,472.31	\$160.81
\$350,000	\$1,650.84	\$1,838.44	\$1,717.69	\$187.61
\$400,000	\$1,886.67	\$2,101.08	\$1,963.08	\$214.41
\$450,000	\$2,122.51	\$2,363.71	\$2,208.46	\$241.21
\$500,000	\$2,358.34	\$2,626.35	\$2,453.85	\$268.01
*assumes 30-year fixed rat	e.			

#November average interest rate obtained from US Federal Reserve (FRED), June interest rate from MBA Rate for November 2017 was 3.90%; November 2018 was 4.81%; June 2019 is 4.23%

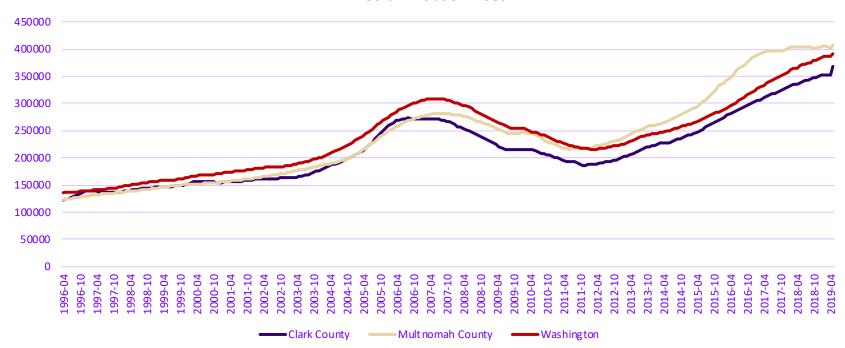
Source: WCRER.





Median House Prices by type





Statewide Overall Median = \$369,700

Clark County Median = \$374,200

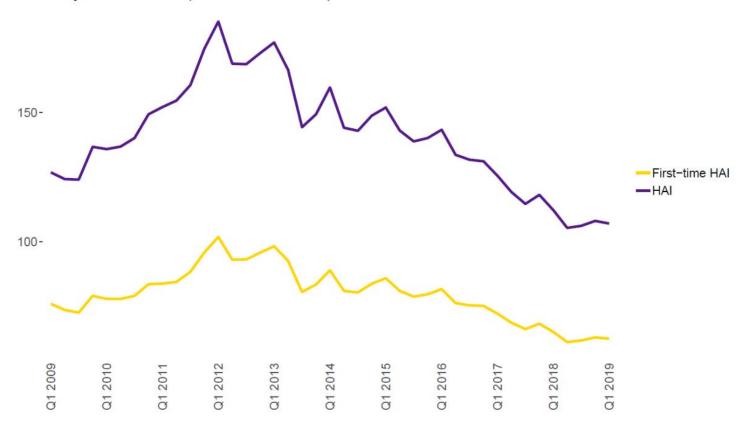
Seasonally adjusted – Data Sources: Zillow, NWMLS, RMLS, WCRER.





Housing Affordability Index - Washington

Ten year time trend (Q1 2009-Q1 2019)







Housing Affordability Index – Most and Least Affordable

LEAST AFFORDABLE

	<u>Median</u>	<u>Y-o-Y</u>	
County	<u>Price</u>	Change	<u>HAI</u>
San Juan	\$633,300	33.30%	56.7
King	\$656,600	-2.40%	75.8
Jefferson	\$387,500	7.10%	90.1
Snohomish	\$479,800	1.60%	96.1
Whatcom	\$382,500	6.00%	98.1
Kittitas	\$342,200	9.80%	101.5
Skagit	\$345,700	1.00%	104.9
Adams	\$240,000	56.60%	105.3
Pierce	\$354,600	6.60%	110.5
Clark	\$361,100	4.10%	111.2
Island	\$355,800	1.90%	112.2
Statewide	\$374,700	4.0%	107.1

MOST AFFORDABLE

		<u>Y-o-Y</u>	
County	Median Price	<u>Change</u>	<u>HAI</u>
Lincoln	\$140,000	40.00%	212
Columbia	\$167,800	9.10%	192.7
Okanogan	\$173,600	-22.80%	162.5
Ferry	\$165,000	5.10%	156
Pacific	\$191,200	0.60%	151.3
Asotin	\$207,000	3.80%	148.9
Grant	\$195,500	8.10%	146.4
Skamania	\$275,000	-4.30%	146.1
Grays Harbor	\$199,000	5.50%	143.8
Mason	\$239,500	5.90%	138
Spokane	\$255,600	13.50%	134.6
Garfield	\$207,000	3.80%	133.6





First Time Buyers HAI – Most and Least Affordable

LEAST AFFORDABLE

		Median	
County	FTB Price	<u>Change</u>	FTB-HAI
Franklin	\$204,050	9.00%	23.8
San Juan	\$443,310	33.30%	24.3
Wahkiakum	\$177,450	18.30%	24.9
Skagit	\$241,990	1.00%	34.2
Mason	\$167,650	5.90%	34.8
Ferry	\$115,500	5.10%	43
Kittitas	\$239,540	9.80%	45.5
King	\$459,620	-2.40%	45.6
Pierce	\$248,220	6.60%	50.4
Snohomish	\$335,860	1.60%	53
Statewide	\$262,290	4.0%	62.5

MOST AFFORDABLE

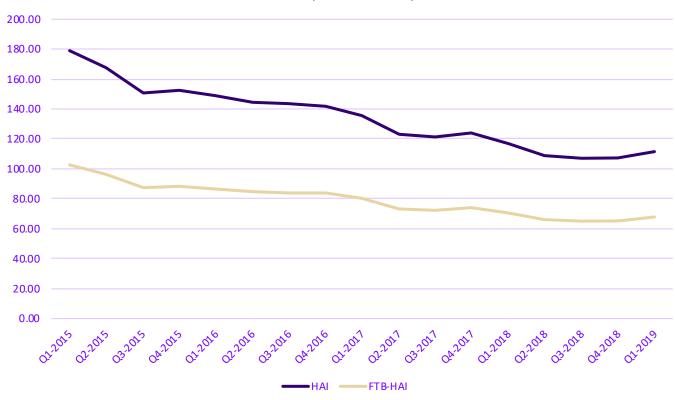
County	FTB Price	Median Change	FTB-HAI
		Citalige	FID-IIAI
Lincoln	\$98,000	40.00%	181.1
Columbia	\$117,460	9.10%	138.8
Clallam	\$195,860	2.40%	134.3
Okanogan	\$121,520	-22.80%	125.9
Garfield	\$144,900	3.80%	99.1
Walla Walla	\$169,190	7.70%	98.6
Lewis	\$176,330	20.60%	93.7
Kitsap	\$248,080	8.60%	92.4
Asotin	\$144,900	3.80%	91.3
Grays Harbor	\$139,300	5.50%	86





Clark County Housing Affordability

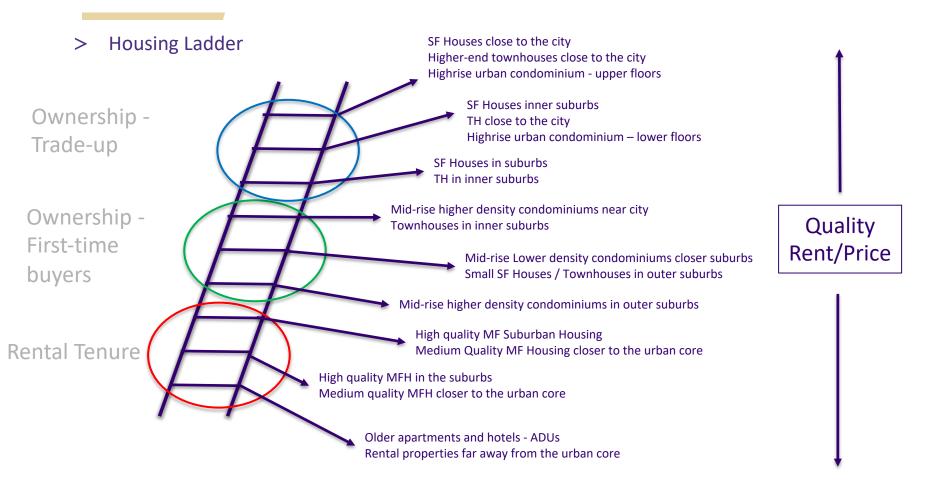








Basics of urban housing markets



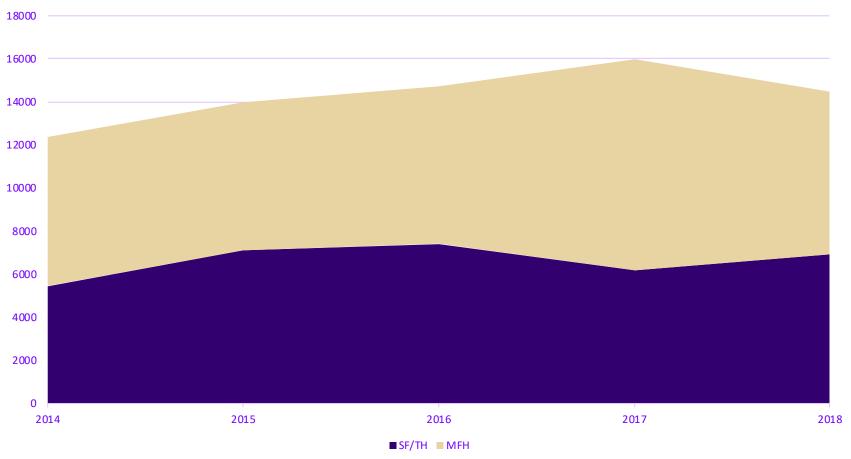
Each rung on the ladder represents a particular submarket





Building Permits by House Type

Portland MSA Building Permits

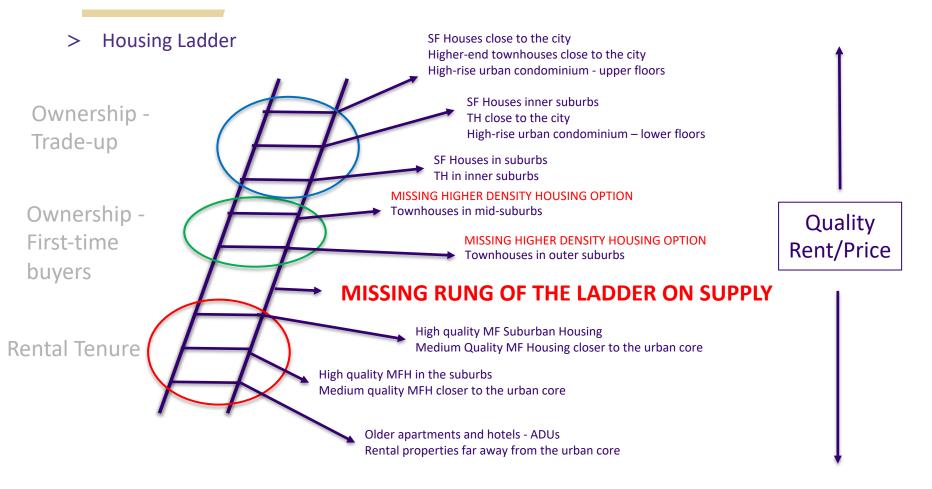


Source: Census C-40 Reports, Washington State Housing Market Report: WCRER





Current Supply Dynamics



Vacuum between rental tenures and first time buyers
This is called the MISSING MIDDLE





Supply Issues, Policy and Affordability

- > For urban regions, supply constraints exist on both geographical and policy levels
- > Outside of demand issues, policy and infrastructure constraints influence housing supply and availability
- > These policies might include:
 - Growth Management Act
 - Condominium Liability
 - > Lending Policies
 - >Other policies creating risk
- Contagion of existing issues in Puget Sound to larger outlying areas





There s a vacuum and it must be filled!

- > Demographic changes drive demand for particular types of housing
 - I-5 Corridor has seen the highest price growth rate in the state over the past 18 months
 - Regional Arbitrage
- > Rental market is the only place to go!
- > Issues with one part of the housing ladder will manifest themselves further down the housing ladder
 - Water doesn't flow up hill
- > Cap Rate Compression outside of the Puget Sound region
 - Seattle cap rates are close to 3.5% for smaller sized multifamily
 - > Incumbent advantage within the city if controls tighten
 - Cap rate spread between classes in Clark County is approximately 1.5%
 - > Range is between 5.5% for prime and between 7.0% and 8.5% for rehab
 - These trends represent the first part of contagion
 - The cap rate spread and continued downward pressure indicates that investors believe there is significant room for rental growth in regional markets while vacancy rates are still low
- > Expectation on residential investment markets moving forward
 - Will condominium liability changes make a difference to Clark County?





Economics, Filtering and Continuum of Tenure

> Concept of Filtering

- Build higher end housing first taking advantage of obsolescence
- Just build anything...
- Issues on continuum of tenure

> Continuum of tenure

- Market must be able to deliver supply within all price categories
- Will the deals pencil out?

> Economic Synergies

- Labor mobility and corporate costs
- New York, New York vs. Buffalo, New York

> Expectations

- Rental market cannot meet the expectations that many households want for the future
- Economic and labor market expectations
- Lifestyle changes over time





